

Lösungshinweise Blatt 6

28)

$$\det(A) = ad - bc, \quad \det(B) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

$$\det(G) = (-1)^2 \det \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi & -\sin \varphi & 0 & 0 \\ \sin \varphi & \cos \varphi & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

↑
1x Spaltenvert.
1x Zeilenvert.

$$= \det \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi & -\sin \varphi \\ \sin \varphi & \cos \varphi \end{pmatrix} = 1$$

↑
Lapl.-Ent. nach
3. + 4. Spalte
(oder Aufg. 30)

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \det \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \det \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = 6$$

↑
(-4) ·

↑
(-3) ·

$$\begin{aligned} 29a) \quad \text{Sp}(AB) &= \sum_{i=1}^n (AB)_{ii} = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{\ell=1}^m A_{i\ell} B_{\ell i} \\ &= \sum_{\ell=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^n \underbrace{B_{\ell i} A_{i\ell}}_{(BA)_{\ell\ell}} = \text{Sp}(BA) \end{aligned}$$

$$b) \quad \text{Sp}(M_1 M_2 \dots M_R) = \text{Sp} \left(\underbrace{M_1}_A \underbrace{(M_2 \dots M_R)}_B \right)$$

↑
Matrixprod.
ist assoziativ

$$c) \quad = \text{Sp} \left(\underbrace{(M_2 \dots M_R)}_B \underbrace{M_1}_A \right) = \text{Sp}(M_2 M_3 \dots M_R M_1)$$

= u. s. w.

29 c) A, A' seien ähnliche Matrizen, d.h.
 $A' = S^{-1} A S$ für geeignete Isomorph. S .

$$\text{Dann } \underline{\text{Sp}(A')} = \text{Sp}(S^{-1} A S) \stackrel{(i)}{=} \text{Sp}(\underbrace{A S S^{-1}}_{\mathbb{1}}) = \underline{\text{Sp}(A)} \quad (ii)$$

$$\text{und } \underline{\det(A')} = \det(S^{-1} A S) = \det(S^{-1}) \det(A) \det(S)$$

$$= \det(A) \quad (ii)$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$\det(S^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(S)}$$

30) A sei $m \times m$ Matrix, B $h \times h$ Matrix, $m+h=n$

$$\rightarrow \text{Sp}(M) = \sum_{i=1}^{m+h} M_{ii} = \sum_{i=1}^m A_{ii} + \sum_{i=1}^h B_{ii} = \text{Sp}(A) + \text{Sp}(B)$$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} A & \\ & B \end{pmatrix} \stackrel{!}{=} \begin{pmatrix} A & \\ & \mathbb{1}_h \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbb{1}_m & \\ & B \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \det(M) = \underbrace{\det \begin{pmatrix} A & \\ & \mathbb{1}_h \end{pmatrix}}_{(1) \parallel \det(A)} \underbrace{\det \begin{pmatrix} \mathbb{1}_m & \\ & B \end{pmatrix}}_{(2) \parallel \det(B)} = \det(A) \cdot \det(B)$$

(1) Lapl. Ent. in den letzten h Spalten

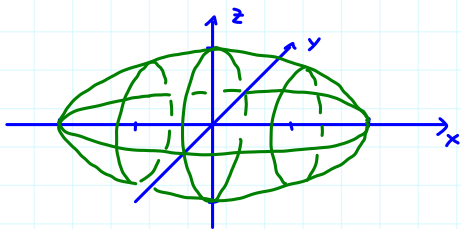
(2) " " " " ersten m " "

Vergallgemeinerung:

$$\bullet \text{Sp}(M_h) = \sum_{i=1}^h \text{Sp}(A_i)$$

$$\bullet \det(M_h) = \det(A_1) \cdot \det(A_2) \cdots \det(A_h)$$

31a)



b)

$$\frac{g_x^2}{a^2} + \frac{g_y^2}{b^2} + \frac{g_z^2}{c^2} = s^2 \left(\underbrace{\sin^2 \vartheta \cos^2 \varphi + \sin^2 \vartheta \sin^2 \varphi + \cos^2 \vartheta}_{= \sin^2 \vartheta} \right)$$

$$= s^2 (\sin^2 \vartheta + \cos^2 \vartheta) = s^2 = 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\nabla g = \left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial s}, \frac{\partial g}{\partial \vartheta}, \frac{\partial g}{\partial \varphi} \right)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} a \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi & s a \cos \vartheta \cos \varphi & -s a \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi \\ b \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi & s b \cos \vartheta \sin \varphi & s b \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi \\ c \cos \vartheta & -s c \sin \vartheta & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \underline{\det(\nabla g)} = s^2 a b c \det \begin{pmatrix} \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi & \cos \vartheta \cos \varphi & \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi \\ \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi & \cos \vartheta \sin \varphi & \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi \\ \cos \vartheta & -\sin \vartheta & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= s^2 a b c \left(\begin{matrix} \cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta \cos^2 \varphi + \sin^3 \vartheta \sin^2 \varphi \\ + \cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta \sin^2 \varphi + \sin^3 \vartheta \cos^2 \varphi \end{matrix} \right)$$

$$= s^2 a b c (\cos^2 \vartheta \sin \vartheta + \sin^3 \vartheta) = \underline{\underline{s^2 a b c \sin \vartheta}}$$

c)

$$\text{Vol}(E) = \int_E dV = \int_0^1 ds \int_0^\pi d\vartheta \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi \underbrace{s^2 a b c \sin \vartheta}_{\det(\nabla g)}$$

$$= a b c \underbrace{\int_0^1 ds s^2}_{\frac{1}{3}} \underbrace{\int_0^\pi d\vartheta \sin \vartheta}_2 \underbrace{\int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi}_{2\pi} = \frac{4\pi}{3} a b c$$