# Quantum Information Theory – Sheet 6

#### Wintersemester 2021/22

Webpage: http://www.thp.uni-koeln.de/~rk/qit\_22.html/

**Submission** of solutions as pdf-file until Thursday, July 14, 12 pm, to *ligthart.exams[at]gmail.com* 

### 20. cptp-map

Show that a quantum operation

$$\rho \mapsto \mathcal{E}(\rho) = \sum_{k=1}^{K} E_k \, \rho \, E_k^{\dagger}$$

with Kraus operators  $E_k$  satisfying  $\sum_{k=1}^{K} E_k^{\dagger} E_k = 1$  is completely positive and trace preserving.

## 21. Shor's 1-9 Code

Use the error-correcting condition\*

 $P E_k^{\dagger} E_{k'} P \propto P$ 

to show that Shor's 1-9 code<sup>\*\*</sup> also allows the correction of a single bit-flip  $X_j$  that appears *simultaneously* together with a single phase-flip  $Z_k$ . To this end you may check the above condition for the following set of error operators:

$${I_i, X_i, Z_i, X_j Z_k}_{i,j,k=1,\dots 9}$$
.

[ \* P is the projection onto the code space,  $\{E_k\}$  are Kraus-operators of the noise.

\*\* which encodes logical qubit states  $|0\rangle$  and  $|1\rangle$  into 9-qubit states  $\left(\left.\left|0\right\rangle^{\otimes3}\pm\left|1\right\rangle^{\otimes3}\right.\right)^{\otimes3}/\sqrt{8}$ .

# 22. Random unit vectors in n dimensions

Show that for large n an n-dimensional *random* unit vector is almost always almost orthogonal to any vector of a fixed orthogonal system.

5 Punkte

8 Punkte

5 Punkte